NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, APRIL 5, 1894.-TWELVE PAGES.

A MOB'S FIENDISH WORK. STRIKERS BECOME DEMONS.

AN OFFICIAL OF THE FRICK COMPANY STONED TO DEATH.

HIS BODY THROWN INTO A FURNACE.

A DAY OF RIOT, DESTRUCTION AND BLOODSHED IN THE COKE REGIONS-A REPORT

This region, which in other years has been Coke Company, and when his life was sacrificed at work at the time. He had with him his inments, and had just come out of the mines He was in the tipple. Hugh Call, one of his assistants, was with him when the murderous mob broke into the tipple building, apparently

Call fired on the approaching mob, which seemed to intensify their rage, and they rushed Sh upon him. He jumped through a window and escaped. Paddock attempted to escape by runoing through the infuriated crowd. Stones and clubs were hurled at him. Twice he was knocked down, but with superhuman effort he reby a heavy stone thrown by one of the mob He fell senseless, and each one of the demons struck him with a stone while he lay helpless. His head and face were crushed. His clothes were torn and he was disfigured almost beyond recognition. Then while he lay there dead one of the mob fired a bullet into his head. His body was then carried to a window in the tipple building, and was thrown about forty feet to the burning ovens below. Then the mob disappeared over the hill in the direction of Broadford. Paddock was thirty-five years old. His killing occurred within sight of his home. He was a graduate of the Lebigh University.

with a view to burning it. Their wild shouts rolled through the place in a furious storm.

SHERIFFS CALLED ON FOR PROTECTION. Adjutant-General W. W Greenland came to Connellsville to-day to examine into the situation He regards the outlook with concern, but has not determined to call out the militia. Sheriff Wilhelm, of Fayette County, and Sheriff P. J. McCann, of Westmoreland County, have been notified by the coke producers of their responsibility for all property in the region. Sheriff Wilhelm is here. Sheriff McCann is at Mount Pleasant. Neither has asked the Governor for troops,

Both are decidedly nervous. To-night a dozen different bands of the outlaws are camping on their arms throughout the region. and to-morrow's work promises to be more deadly than was to-day's.

Every plant in the region south of the Leith works was visited by a band of about three hundred strong, early this morning, and the men at work were compelled to quit. The raiders left Oliver, where they met at 1:30 a. m., and proceeded to Leith. The houses of the foreign element were besieged to get the men to accomwere locked, and some nailed tightly. When the Leith men failed to come out the doors were broken in, and the men dragged out by the heels. They were forced to fall into line and march on south with the strikers. At all the plants the workmen were told that they would be beaten within an inch of their lives if they

again returned to work. To-night a large body of strikers, all foreigners, held a meeting in Uniontown for the purpose of planning their work. When the train agrived bearing the captured strikers the meetng adjourned to the depot. Later they left in a body for the plants south of here to keep watch at all plants and see that no work will be done lo-morrow. None of the larger plants will atempt to run, and it is hardly probable that any of the smaller plants will try it, as none have deputies to guard the men, and without protec-

don and lots of it the effort would be futile. A dispatch to "The Times" from Scott-Penn., says: Camped in Everson Grove, near town, to-night are 1,500 strikers, mostly Hungarians, Poles and Slavs. They are huddled around a hundred large wood fires, and sympathizers supplied them provisions for a square meal this evening and breakfast in the morning. They marched to-day from Leisenring and Dickerson Run districts, a distance of twelve miles, and held meetings at Broadford and Moyer on their way here. President L. R. Davis, of the Miners' Union, is with them, and he denounced the murder of J. H. Paddock at the Davidson works of the Frick Company as an outrage that could not be condoned, and said that he hoped way man connected with it would be arrested and punished. "We cannot win the strike with the sames and murder," he said, "and while I

bright."

The operators are taking the necessary precautions to prevent a surp ise, and special officers line the roads from this place to the different works. The programme of the strikers for to-morrow is a mass-meeting in the grove here at 6 o'clock, after which they will march up the Mount Pleasant branch of the Baltimore and Onio Railroad, stopping at all works between here and Mount Pleasant. On arriving at Mount Pleasant to-morrow afternoon a mass-meeting will be held. They expect that their march to-morrow will result in bringing out all the men working in this end of the district.

this end of the district.

I. W. Overholt decided this evening to close down his works at Bessemer. The works are located on the line of the proposed march of the strikers to-morrow, and he feared that they would drive his men from the works and destroy his property.

GUARDING AGAINST DYNAMITE

It was rumored on the streets to-night that an attempt would be made to blow up the general offices of the Frick and McClue cole comough volunteered to stand watch around the

President Davis, of the district organization, issued a call for a delegate meeting of the organized and unorganized workingmen of the coke region at this place Saturday, April 7. The call reviews the work already done to secure an advance in wages. The continuation of the strike will depend on the actions of the convention, and if no better success attends the efforts to get the men out in the north end of the district between now and Saturday, it is nearly safe to predict that the strike will be declared off.

Warrants have been issued for at least 200 strikers, including the leaders. As soon as President Davis heard that a warrannt had been issued for his arrest, he placed himself in charge

President Pavis heard that a warrante had over issued for his arrest, he placed himself in charge of Chief of Police Eberhart, and said that he would remain here long enough to-morrow to give the Sheriff an opportunity to arrest him. There has been some talk of a threat to lynch the leaders of the strike in order to avenge the

killing of Paddock.

A bloody riot is expected at Moyer to-night or in the morning. Threats have been made to burn the company store and to kill all those found about the works. Already 1,090 men have assembled in the vicinity of the works, and as many more are expected before morning, and an

city, to the deputy sheriffs guarding the coke nellsville. Members of the National Guard livin this vicinity have been notified by their perior officers to keep themselves in readiness case a call to arms is Issued by the Governor

has been received here from Governor Pattison by National Guard officers, but if affairs in the coke region grow worse the guard may be called on at any moment.

Uniontown, Penn., April 4.—The third day of the coke strike in this end of the region was heralded by what may prove to be a murder. "Andy" Milta, a Slav striker, was set upon by a large number of women, wives of the strikers camped near Trotter, and so badly beaten by clubs and stones that he cannot recover. After the mischief had been done, the energetic women discovered that Milta was one of their number. His assailants thought he bad deserted. Milta is unconscious and in a critical condition. No effort has yet been made to hunt out his assailants. There is a general suspension of work on this end of the region.

Scottdale, Penn., April 4.—The meeting held here last night by President Davis was slimly attended. The meff working at McClure's works positively refused to leave their work and Join the strikers' ranks. This morning a raid was made by a mob on the Donnelly and Mayfield works of the McClure Company. They were met by Superintendents Kerr and Boyle, who warned them to keep off. The mob showed fight, when they were fired upon. The mob dispersed, and the works are in operation. Sheriff McCann has deputized a number of men to protect life and property.

Mount Pleasant, Penn., April 4.—It is said that

plant early to-morrow morning when the men go to work. Sheriff McCann is there with ninety well-armed men waiting for the charge. McCann's force numbers three or four times as many as Captain Lear had at this plant three years ago yesterday, when a mos of 1,000 Slavs was put to flight, leaving ten dead men on the field. General Manager Lynch, of the Frick Company, went to Moorewood this evening to give the Sheriff the benefit of his knowledge in handling circlers.

REPUSED TO QUIT WORK.

Phillipsburg, Penn., April 4.—Mining operations in the Clearfield, Beech Creek and Cambria County the Clearfield. Beech Creek and Cambria County
coal fields will be resumed on Friday morning, the
Dubois miners having refused to take a stand with
the Clearfield miners in favor of suspension, but
resolved to remain at work at the feduced prices
until the officers of the miners' National occunization orders a general strike throughout the United
States, orders for which are expected not later than
May 1.

NO CONCERN FELT AT HARRISBURG. Harrisburg, Penn., April 4.-The State authorities feel no special concern over the situation in the coke region at present. Governor Pattison and Ad-jutant-General Greenland are kept fully advised jutant-General Greenland are kept fully advised of the movements of the strikers, and do not believe it will be necessary to order out troops to restore order. It appears from information received here that the deputy sheriffs are well armed and will be able to repel the strikers in their advance upon the works. The captain of one of the companies in the coke region wanted to know whether his guns could be loaned to the deputies, but was advised by the Adjutant-General that they could not.

LIGHT PENALTY FOR A GREAT CRIME

THE STATE BOARD OF CANVASSERS WHO STOLE A SENATE SEAT FINED \$531 28.

Hudson, April 4.-The climax of the long-contested Senatorial case of Dean against Osborn was reached to day when, pursuant to the order was reached to day when pursuant to the order of the court, John Brooks Leavitt, counsel for relators, and J. N. Flero for respondents, appeared before Justice Edwards to make a settlement of the order taking proof of the amount of the relators' costs and expense in determining the amount of the fine. At 4 o'clock the costs were settled, and Judge Edwards fixed the fine at \$31 28, to be imposed on the Board of Canvassers of the State of New-York for the disobedience of an order of the court.

of an order of the court. FOR REPRESENTATIVE GOVERNMENT.

THE CALL FOR A CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

IN HAWAH ISSUED. Boston, April 4.-Theodore H. Davies, guardian of the Princes: Kalulani, has received a message from

Honolulu, dated March 26, which says "Bill passed for summoning convention, giving votes only to persons who have been resident one year in the islands and who will take the oath to support the Government and to oppose the restoration of the monarchy. Police and soldiery who were naturalized before January are allowed to vote."

SIX PERSONS KILLED BY AN EXPLOSION. Pittsburg, April 4.-A dispatch to "The Times" from Oil City, Penn., says: Joseph Kollas, a Ger man, his wife and three children, living in the northern part of the city, were killed to-night, the northern part of the city, were killed to-night, the result of an explosion at Kollas's home. The whole rear end of the house was blown away, and Kollas's hody was found dismembered, lying beneath the dobris. The head of one of the children was almost severed from the body. Another child was found near a shed, twenty yards away, in a horribly mutilated condition. The child of a neighbor, Joseph Fessner, was playing in the yard when the explosion occurred. She lived for a few minutes, but was frightfully mangled. Mrs. Kollas and one child, who were in the kitchen at the time, were severely shocked, the mother dying after being reseverely shocked, the mother dying after being reseverely shocked, the mother dying after being removed to the hospital. The baby's eyes were blown out, and it cannot recover. The cause of the accident is a mystery, some persons saying it was a partity empty can of nitro-glycerine, while others say it was a dynamite cap which Kollas was examining, the latter being the generally accepted theory.

DECREASE IN WHEAT ACREAGE.

St. Paul, Minn., April 4 (Special).—It is learned rom prominent farmers of North Dakota that the acreage of flax and other small grains other than wheat will be more than double that of last year. The low price of wheat has discouraged the farmers in that line, and they have found it necessary to raise something else. As a consequence the wheat acreage will be comparatively small and the acreage of other grains corresponding waarge. This will also be the case in Minnesota. COXEY RUNS AGAINST SNAGS.

police has overtaken Coxey's cohorts, and to-day the men are corralled in the camping-ground at Exposition Park. Chief Murphy, of the Allegheny and emphatically negatived the proposal of a the atrical manager to have the army visit to-night's admission to the camp to all people, and a state of armed neutrality exists.

The local Populist leaders are angry at the action

Kennedy this morning, but without any effect.

this evening, and is really imprisoned. Fifty of the of that number sent to the County Workhouse

During the afternoon a high wind blew over the main tent, and tore the canvas badly. It could not be repaired, and the men were compelled to sleep under the canvas and on the ground.

The order of Chef of Police Murpay refusing permission to leave the grounds was the cause of the only demonstration of the day. Carl Browne told the men of it at a secret meeting held in camp at 8 o'clock to-night. Following on this, he, Coxey and Smith marched the entire command to the gates of the park and were there stopped by the Superintendent of Police, Muth, and a detail of a dozen officers. Browne asked that the men, as cilizens, be allowed to go out and attend the theatre. Muth replied that his orders had already been given and that he would arrest any member of the Commonweal Army found outside the camp grounds to:

PURPOSES OF FRYE'S ARMY.

St. Louis, April 4.—The experience of "General

There are sixty-seven Knights of Pythias

tribution to the Commonweal Army, numbering 350 men, left the city yesteriay for Oakland. Thence it is their intention to proceed to Washington. At sacramento they will be joined by 100 more unemployed, who are now in camp there awalting the arrival of the San Francisco regiment.

TWICE SHORT OF COAL.

THE STRAMER ESSEN TAKES TWENTY-EIGHT CONTINUOUS GALE. The German steamer Essen, which arrived at

Quarantine last night from Hamburg, reports hav-

I P I MEMBERS IN JAIL

ARRESTS FOR MURDER CHOWING OUT OF THE KANSAS CITY ELECTION FIGHT.

Kansas City, Mo., April 4.—The condition of Perry Fowler, who received a serious wound in the back in the rior yesterday afternoon, was more favorable

Pittsburg, Penn., April 4.—That important changes among the officials now in charge of the Carnegle Steel Company's Homestead Works will be made, particularly in the armor department, is a certainty. What they will be and who will be afheads of the company. Shortly after it became known that the Carnegle Company had been compelled to pay a fine to the Government. It was rumored that unless a statement was made exonerating General Superintendent C. M. Schwab and Superintendent Corey, of the armor plate department, from the imputation of having tampered with the armor plate the two named officials would resign their positions. Whether these two include the changes proposed by the company is not known.

It was also reported to-day that in the future the armor plate department would be under the immediate management of the United States Government, the Carnegle Company continuing to operate the plant. This report, however, is denied by the Carnegle officials. heads of the company. Shortly after it became

SECRETARY HERBERT AT RETHLEHEM. Bethlehem, Penn., April 4 (Special).-An official visit to the ordnance plant of the Bethlehem Iron Company was made to-day by Secretary Herbert. The Secretary said he was more than pleased with the progress of the armor plate work.

TESTIMONY AGAINST DETECTIVE HAY. Police Commissioner MacLean yesterday heard the

omplaints of Jacob Klein, Mrs. Pauline Klein and Miss Mary Klein against Detective Allan Hay. They said that Hay, while drunk, arrested Jacob Klein who is an old, inoffensive man. The others pro-tested and Hay arrested them all. Several wittested and Hay arrested them all. Several witnesses testified that Hay was intoxicated. Hay denied the charges and asserted that Klein was drunk.
He said that after he had once arrested a man he
had no right to release him.
Commissioner MacLean consulted his notebook
and asked Hay if he had not released a boy, Charles
Brown, whom he had arrested recently. Hay
blushed and stammered and then denied the charge.
Hay's case will soon be considered by the full
board and he will probably be dismissed from the
force.

PROTESTING AGAINST MR. ASTOR'S STABLE. Property holders near Sixty-fifth-st, and Madisonave, will meet to-night at the home of A. M. Palmer, No. 25 East Sixty-fifth-st, to consider means of preventing John Jacob Astor from building a stable and store there. The people who live near that corner are indignant, because they believe that the stable and store would affect unfavorably at the stable and store would affect unfavorably at the stable and store would affect unfavorably at the third the discussion will be a lively one.

Democrats elected the rest of their ticket. The people and school people at the property of the rest of their ticket. The people and school people at the rest of their ticket. The people at the property of the rest of their ticket. The people at the property of the rest of their ticket. The people at the property at the people at the property of the people at the property of the prop Property holders near Sixty-fifth-st, and Madison-ave, will meet to-night at the home of A. M. Pal-

DEMOCRACY ROUTED.

ALLEGHENY POLICE GET IN HIS WAY. RHODE ISLAND REPUDIATES IT

AN UNPRECEDENTED VICTORY FOR THE WHOLE REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

GOVERNOR BROWN'S MAJORITY WILL PROBABLY

IRY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

Providence, April 4.—The Republican landslide has reached the industrial State of Rhode Island. have been most completely vindicated.

At this hour (11:15 p. m), with about half the State to hear from, Brown (Rep.) has 16,668 votes to 12,326 for Baker (Dem.). Last year the same thing to the contrary, Brown will carry the State has shown a gain in every district heard from.

Pawtucket gives Brown 200 or 300 plurality Last year Baker had 200 plurality. Newport ha election in many years. North Kingston, th gave Brown 118 plurality. Baker had 29 plurality This city is probably Republican by

rially. The two labor parties cut no figure in the

ican. With this city yet to hear from the Legislature will stand as follows; Senate-Republi cans 21, Democrats 4; the House-Republican 8. Democrats 3. On joint ballot-Republicans 89, Of the thirteen members from Providence the Republicans will certainly obtain several if not all.

All the Democratic leaders in the present As-

When the data was well as the drespit spirits of the Democrats were raised amazing for Republicans are usually slow about voice the rain. This time the Democrats were mitaken in their reckoning. Although the stor for Republicans are usuare the rain. This time the Democrats we taken in their reckening. Although the snorm continued with great intensity all day, the total vote will probably be 5,000 greater than a year ago, and the result has been all and more than the Republicans had hoped for in their most optimistic moments. Governor Brown has been serenely confident of victory all along, and he has expected a plurality of 2,000 to 4,000.

The most surprised man in the State, however, is David S. Baker, ir., who felt certain that "the people would rebuke last year's usurpation by Governor Brown." The result shows that the people understood the local issues involved better was thought, and that they have decided the question of Protection the anestton of Protection are also

by Governor Brown
people understood the local issues involved better
than it was thought, and that they have decided
views of their own on the question of Protection
versus Free Trade. The Prohibitionists are also
among the disappointed, for they had made a
vigorous effort to increase their vote. Their
coalition with the Democrats at Westerly on the
Legislative ticket has failed, for the Republicans
carried the town by 200 majority over both Prohibitionists and Democrats.
Hoxey, who was unscated by the Democrats,
is re-elected, as likewise is John B. Landers, of
Jamestown. Of course all the State officers are
carried in by the large plurality for the head of
the ticket.

Practically complete returns show that Brown rill be elected by fully 4,500 plurality. The vote, a far as received, is: Brown, 26,362; Baker, 29,-

A VINDICATION OF LAW.

OF THE SUCCESS OF THE REPUBLICANS. To the Editor of The Tribune.

Sir: Rhode Island has resented the Democratic assault upon its industries, has vindicated the Governor and Republican Representatives in sanctity of the ballot, and has given an over-whelming plurality for the Republican State ticket. There are few Democrats left in the Legislature, and the election of a Republican United States Senator is assured. RUSSELL BROWN.

Providence, April 4, 1894.

Conn., March 28, 1848. He was a farmer's boy and was educated in the district schools and in academies at Manchester and Hartford. He was a clerk in hardware stores in Rockville and Hartford for

Brown "held over." He is a member of a large number of fraternities, philanthropic and religious organizations.

George Penbedy Wetmore, who will be the successor of Senator Dixon, is the zon of the late William Shepard Wetmore, who becam business life as an associate of Edward Carrinaton & Co., who were prominent merchants in Providence when that port was a leading entrepot of foreign vessels. He established a mercantile business in Valparaiso, Chill, and laid the foundation for that ample fortune to which his son has added much by orudence and business sagacity. George Penbedy Wetmore was born in London, England, in 186, while his parents were traveilling abroad, but he has lived in Newport, R. L., since he was four years old. He fitted for college in that city, was graduated from Yale in the class of 1867, and from the Columbia College Law School in 1892. He was chosen a Presidential Elector from Rhode Island in 1880, and again in 1881. In 1881 he was of the committee to receive the French representatives on the occasion of their visit to the scenes made notable by Rochambeau, In 1881 he was president of the Unione and Logan Club of Newport. He was elected Governor in 1882, and re-elected in 1883, and was the nominee of this party in 1887, but was defeated by a combination of circumstances for which he was not responsible. He was a candidate for the Unione and Logan Club of Newport. He was sleeted Governor in 1885, and was defeated by a combination of circumstances for which he was not responsible. He was a candidate for the Unione and the verme of philambropic and collectional organizations. He is a therough Protective Tariff League, the Home Market Club and the Young Men's Republican Club of Providence. He is descended from Revolutionary ancestors, and is a member of the Society of the Clincinnati.

MANY REPUBLICAN MAYORS IN MICHIGAN. Milwaukee, April 4.-The heaviest vote in the history of the city was polled in Racine yesterday. The Republicans elected four out of the seven Al-dermen and all but one of the other officers. The Republicans scored a partial victory in the Demo-cratic stronghold of Kaukauna. They elected Dr.

Tanner Mayor.
In Eau Claire the Republicans elected their ticket. In Eau Claire the Republicans elected their ticket. The entire Republican ticket was elected at Neenah. The party worked to defeat the A. P. A., which ran independently. Six Democrats and five Republicans were elected at Darington. Menesha Democrats elected their Mayor, and the Republicans elected three out of four Aldermen. The whole Republican ticket was elected in Richland Centre. The Council of Chippewa Falls is a tie, and the Democrats elected the rest of their ticket. Democrats elected the rest of their ticket.

Republican town and village ticket at Waukesha was elected. The Republican ticket at Wausau was elected. At Fond du Lac, Dr. Mayham, Democrat, was re-elected Mayor, and the rest of the ticket is divided. Only one Republican Alderman was elected at Jun au.

At Hudson the Republican candidate for Mayor is elected by 1 majority. The rest of the offices were divided between the Republicans and Democrats. The Republicans elected the Mayor in the following towns: Kilbourn City, Ripon, Monroe, Waupan, Black Beaver Falls, Delavan, Eikhorn and Sheboygan Falls, Democratic Mayors are elected at Chilton, Mineral Point, Burlington, Waterstown and Durand. In all of these places the remainder of the ticket was divided between the two parties. Non-partisan and Citizens' tickets were successful at Medford, Grantsburg, Rhinelander, Annapee, Shell Lake and Boscobel.

REPUBLICANS CARRY WAITE'S OWN TOWN. Denver, Col., April 4.-Later returns from the that the Republicans carried twenty-four out of thirty towns in which elections were held. The

ast year, and 'v reduced majorities. Governor Walte's own cit (Aspen, went against him in yesterilay's contest.
Colorado Springs, Col., April 4.—Much interest was feit at the local election, it being the first time that aomen were admitted to local suffrage. The female vote was large, and the increase was expecially noticeable in the best residence parts of the city. The entire Republican ticket is elected by increased majorities. No Mayor was voted for this year.

Spring Hill, Kan., April 4.-At the city election here women were elected to fill all the municipal offices, including Mayor, Councilmen and Police

BOURBON MAJORITIES REDUCED IN TEXAS Fort Worth, Tex., April 4.—The Democratic ticket was elected by reduced majorities.

LAW AND ORDER VICTORY IN ARKANSAS. Texarkana, Ark., April 4.-Judge Walker, Law and Order candidate for Mayor, was elected, defeatag Mayor Lowe, the present incumbent, who was apported by the saloon element.

REPUBLICAN PLURALITIES IN WASHINGTON. Tacoma, Wash., April 4.-The Republicans carried the city election by pluralities ranging from 140 to 600. The Democrats did not elect a candidate, due partly to the A. P. A., which divided its vote between Republicans and Populists.

Troy, N. Y., April 4.-According to the latest returns, the Board of Supervisors elected yester-day in Warren County will stand ten Republicans and one Democrat. The County Board last year contained six Democrats and five Republicans.

REPUBLICAN SUCCESSES IN MISSOURL St. Louis, April 4.-Returns from the municipal show that the Republicans carried everything St. Joseph, Mo., April 4.—The Republicans secured St. Joseph, and Aline Teachers, electing William R. hepard Mayor by a plurality of 415, W. A. Mesz-ner, Populist, received 1.045 votes. The Council is vided. The Republicans elected their entire ticket transform, George Long being elected Mayor by

*BATTLING WITH INDIANS.

REGULAR TROOPS CALLED OUT.

TEN OR TWEEVE LIVES LOST AND THE FIGHT STILL RAGING BETWEEN COWEOYS

El Reno, Okia., April 4.-A battle with Winchesters occurred Sunday between the Indians and white men who went on the open reservation. It was he climax to the feud which has existed for some time. The battle was between the Indians of Whirlwind's bard of Cheyennes and the whites who hold cossession of the vacant lands on the old Cheyenne servation. The cattlemen have persisted in put ting their cattle to graze on the Indian allotments thich have never been fenced or otherwise shut If from the common. The Indians would not have ot last Sunday and fired on them. A clians who were camped in the locality came to A courier rode to Fort Reno, sixty miles from

the scene of the fighting, and informed the soldiers the scene of the fighting, and informed the source stationed there as well as the agent at Darlington. B and K Troops of the 2d Cavalry were at once dispatched to the scene of the battle. They found the farthing still in progress. At that time ten or twelve men had been killed. The fight was waged with late on both sides. The deep canyons and tree-lined creeks make it an ideal country for bush-whacking. Every sheltering ground is being taken possession of by the settlers' families, and farms have been abandoned for a time.

News was received at Fort Reno Monday night from the field that more troops were needed. Five troops of cavalry were at once dispatched to the scene. The Fort Sill troops are on their way from the south, and the troops at Fort Supply have been put in the field. It is believed the Indians realize the one-saided nature of the fight, and that other indians will not join in the attack on the cattlemen. The battle is expected to be confined to the present combatants.

The latest sews of the fighting from the scene shows that the trouble extends over a wide range of country, and is of a rather indiscriminate character. A report reached this city Monday night that the Government building and Indian store at Cantonment, seventy-live miles from Fort Reno, had been burned by the Indians are taking part in the battle, as Cantonment is fifty miles from the battle, as Cantonment is fifty miles from the battle will follow up the fight until the Government and the military stop them, as it is considered a battle to the death. tationed there as well as the agent at Darlington

ROBERT M. GALLAWAY INJURED.

HE WAS SEVERELY CUT IN A RUNAWAY ACCI-

DENT IN FIFTH-AVE. Robert M. Gailaway, president of the Merchants' National Bank, and chairman of the Executive Committee of the Union League Club, in company with Thomas H. Ward, of Thomas H. Ward & Co. also a member of the Executive Committee of the club, took a cab from the clubhouse at 6 o'clock last evening and started up Fifth-ave, for At Fifth-ave, and Fifty-fifth-st. a wheel of their cab broke down, and their horse ran away up Fifth-ave, to Fifty-seventh-st. Turning into Fifty-seventh-st., he ran into a pile of building material and literally buried himself in it. The driver was

injured.

Mr. Gallaway was severely cut by the broken glass of the cab, but Mr. Wood escaped with slight

GETTING UNDER COVER IN TROY.

Troy, N. Y., April 4.-The gambling-houses in the city closed last night, but the reason for the sus pension of the business is not known, as no order

FOUR ACCIDENTS TO CABLE CARS.

There were four cable-car accidents on the Thirdtween Chambers-st, and Chatham Square, A gripman, who could not stop his car quickly enough, ran it into a big wagon loaded with hides. The gripman was thrown over the dashboard upon the

An accident happened half an hour later at the An accident happened half an hour later at the same place. A cable-car bumped the rear platform of a horse-car. The conductor of the horse-car and a passenser who was standing on the rear platform were knocked off the car. The gripman of another car going uptown ran his car into one shead of him, and shot the conductor through the open doorway, causing him to measure his length on the car floor. The greater part of his change rolled out of his pockets. At 9 a. m. a cable-car jammed a Second-ave, horse-car.

FOR MISSIONARY WORK IN AFRICA.

The Rev. W. S. Healy, the African missionary, lectured on Tuesday and last evening, in St. Benedict's Church, at Bleecker and Downing sts., on "The Church's Work in Africa," for the benefit of St. Benedict's Home, at Rye, N. Y. The lecture, which was listened to by a large audience, was illustrated with 250 colored stereopticon views. A large sum was raised for the work.

PRICE THREE CENTS. BUTLER SCORES TILLMAN.

ONE OF THE RESULTS OF THE SOUTH

CAROLINA "WAR." THE STATE'S SENIOR SENATOR ABANDONS HALF

FRIENDLY RELATIONS WITH HIS POPU-

Coumbia, S. C., April 4.—One of the immediate

political consequences of the opera bouffe "insurrection" in South Carolina has been the final and definite sundering of all friendly or halftration and Senator Matthew C. Butler. General Butler, as is well known, will finish his present term of service in the United States Senate on he has been devoting a great part of his energies to placating the formidable opposition which has been gathering in the ranks of the Tillman Democracy against his candidacy for re-election. Warned by the fate of his venerable colleague, General Wade Hampton, who three years ago was rudely rejected by the State Legislature for Governor Tillman's young and unknown lieutenant, State Serator Irby, Mr. Butler, though nominally retaining his connection with the two wings of the party and to establish as amicable personal relations as possible with the Tillto co-operate with Senator Irby and Governo Tillman in urging upon the President local ap-

man candidate for postmaster of this city, one

of the few strongholds of anti-Tillman sentiment ator's course of violent opposition last summer

to the repeal of the Sherman silver-purchasing

act was inspired chiefly by a desire to win sup

port among the Populist or "Reform" element

which forms the backbone of the present Gov-

rnor's following. How far these and other advances made by the senior Senator proved acceptable to the leaders of the Tillman Democracy, or were returned strengthened that Governor Hilman himself intends to ask an election to the United States. Senate from the State Legislature which is to be chosen next fail. No open breach had yet been announced, however, between the "Reform" managers and General Butler, when the so-called "insurrection" in Darlington and Florence counties was prolaimed. Senator Butler had been for several days at his home in Edgefield, and had reached Charlotte, N. C., on Saturday last, on his way to Washington, when Governor Tillman's "declaration of war" unexpectedly appeared. General Butler returned to Columbia on Sunday, and on Monday took a train for Darlington and Florence, spending two days investigating the actual situation in the counties pronounced "in rebellion" against the State authorities. His experiences there have drawn from him a vigorous, if not violent, criticism of Governor Tillman's course, which has been spread broadcast over the State, and which will undoubtedly put an end at once to his previous tentative good relations with the autocratic and imperious State Executive. After giving his

undoubtedly put an end at once to his previous tentative good relations with the autocratic and imperious State Executive. After giving his opinion of the hasty, ill-advised and unnecessary action of the Governor in calling out the troops to suppress an "insurrection" which did not exist, Senator Butler says:

I cannot comprehend what Governor Tillman means by his wild and reckless conduct. The thinking people of this State, of all factions, are tired of dissensions, wrangling and confusion; of his frealarm, pyrotechnic style of government. It is having a bad effect upon the material and social interests of the State. It is making us an object of ridicule and a by-word with all enlightened, intelligent people. It will not do for him to say that these disturbances are brought about by an oll-surchy or an aristocracy or ring. He has an indisputable control of every department of the government for nearly tour years, and it is very strange that all these disturbances and dissensions and all of this wrangling and bloodshed should spring from his own administration. Does it not

laws; they are conservative and law-abiding of all factions. Governor Tillman ought to know that he cannot run roughshod over them or any part of them. Why does he continue in his efforts to array class against class, country against town? Why will he appeal to prejudices, passions and resentments, rather than to reason, wisdom and forbearance? We are one people with a common interest, and it behooves hirt, as it behooves all good and patriotic men of this State, to keep cool, to obey the law and to respect honest differences of opinion. There is no occasion for the disturbance that is now going on in the State. There is no occasion to call in the military. Let Governor Tillman send them home and administer the laws in mercy and justice, and all will be well.

These words are undeniably courageous, and the more so for being entirely true; for in the present condition of feeling displayed by the head and chief of the dominant faction of the South Carolina Democracy to utter them means undoubtedly to Senator Butler the burning of the last bridges on which he has hoped to return to Washington for another six-year term.

THE PALMETTO STATE QUIETING DOWN. TILLMAN WALKS THROUGH THE STREETS OF COLUMBIA WITHOUT BEING JEERED AT OR INSULTED.

Columbia, S. C., April 4 (Special) - Throughout South Carolina to-day peace reigns. The military are still at Darlington, but they will be called away on Friday and sent to their homes, and with that things will resume their normal condition. A committee of citizens from Darlington, consisting of W. C. Coker, G. W. Dargan and E. K. Dargan, called on Governor Tillman to-day to consult over tation, and the conference was eminently satis-Governor Tillman said that, while he had promised the committee nothing and they had promall the troops from Darlington on Friday. He was assured by the delegation that the Darlington men implicated in the riot would quietly submit to trial.

This being so, Tiliman says he is willing to declare martial law off and allow the civil authorities to settle the whole matter. The committee assured the Governor that the spics could return to Darlington with safety and testify in the Coroner's in-quest, which will be conducted there to-morrow.

The spies who were implicated in the riot were all here to-day, including Chief Gaillard. Some of them bore marks of the fight, but none of them here had been seriously wounded. A son of the chief, who was reported to have been wounded in the battle and afterward killed, turned up all right.

chief, who was reported to have been wounded in the battle and afterward killed, turned up all right. He had not been hurt at all, but after the battle he fled through the country to a small railroad station and took a train for Charleston. All the spies were here for the purpose of consulting with Tillman before going to Darlington. They all left here for that city this afternoon. It is not thought that they will be molested there. They marched down Main-st, here to-day, and for the first time aince their appointment openly displayed their badges on their coats.

Governor Tillman seems perfectly satisfied, and for the first time in a week was in a good humor to-day. He has carried his point so far, and naturally feels delighted. When asked this morning for an expression as to the Grosvenor resolution introduced in Congress yesterday to investigate the seizure of the telegraph offices. Tillman said: "Oh, I can't bother with every crank who introduces a resolution in Congress. When Congress ends, if it ever does, then will be the time for me to say something." His proclamation assuming control of the police force of the city has not amounted to anything as yet. He has issued no directions to them, and the police of the cities are still obeying orders only from the Mayors and other regularly constituted authorities of the municipalities. Should Tillman attempt to remove any of them trouble is bound to follow, and his more conservative advisers are trging him not to take such a course, It is estimated that the so-called "insurrection" has cost the State fully \$20,000 in hard cash. What has been lost by the demoralization of business during the excitement amounts to a big round sum.

The Company makes the announcement that the injunction reatraining the company from sending anything but business messages has been removed, and that the business of the company will be conducted as heretofore without interference by the State authorities.